

# Ruolo emergente delle HDL e nuovi farmaci: quali prospettive per il rene?

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# Lipids and lipoproteins in CKD

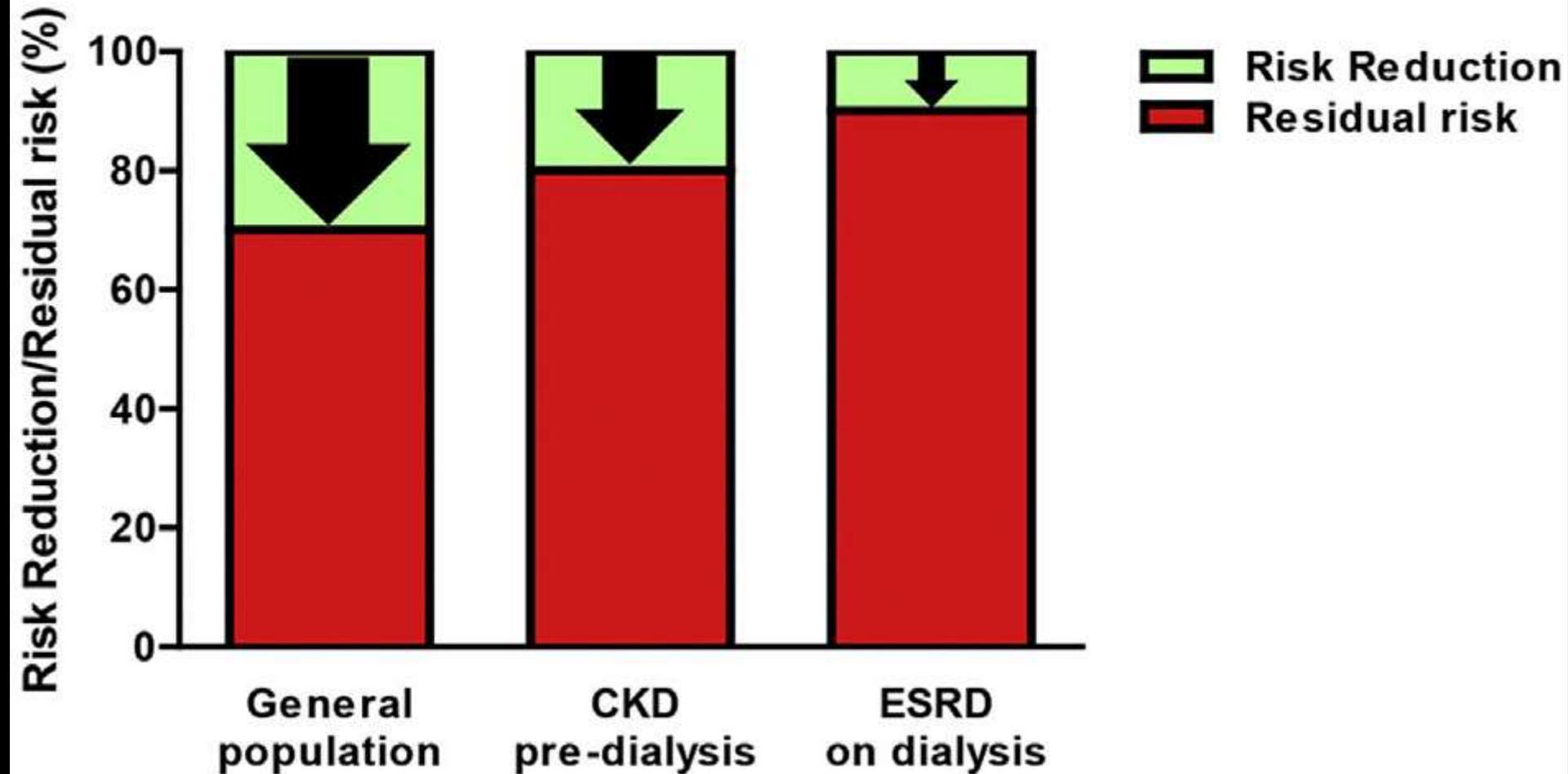
Table 1. Lipid and apolipoprotein profile across CKD

	Pre-dialysis CKD	Nephrotic syndrome	Hemodialysis	Peritoneal dialysis
Total cholesterol	→ ↑	↑ ↑	→ ↓	↑
LDL cholesterol	→ ↑	↑ ↑	→ ↓	↑
Small dense LDL	↑	↑	↑	↑
ApoB	→	↑ ↑	↓ → ↑	↑
HDL	↓	→ ↓	↓	↓
Triglyceride	↑	↑	↑	↑ ↑
Lp(a)	→ ↑	↑ ↑	↑	↑ ↑
ApoA-I	→ ↓	→ ↑	↓	↓

CKD, chronic kidney disease; LDL, low-density lipoprotein.

# CKD and cardiovascular risk

## Relative Risk Reduction/Residual Cardiovascular Risk



# Lipids and lipoproteins in CKD

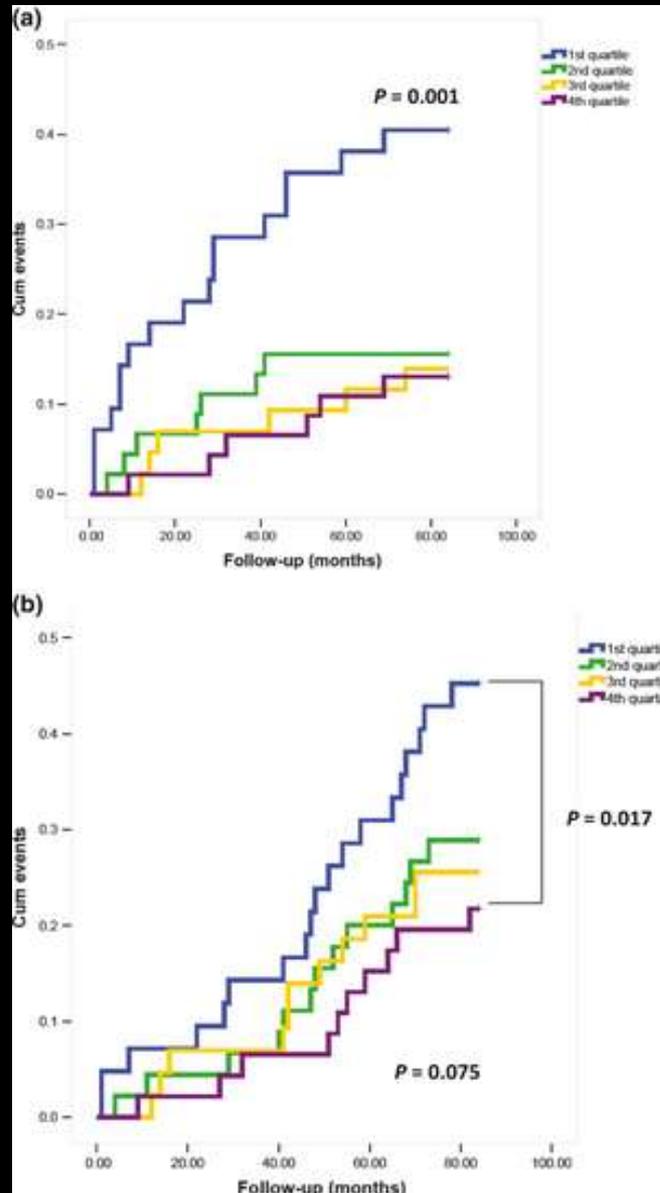
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# HDL-C levels are an independent predictor of the progression of chronic kidney disease

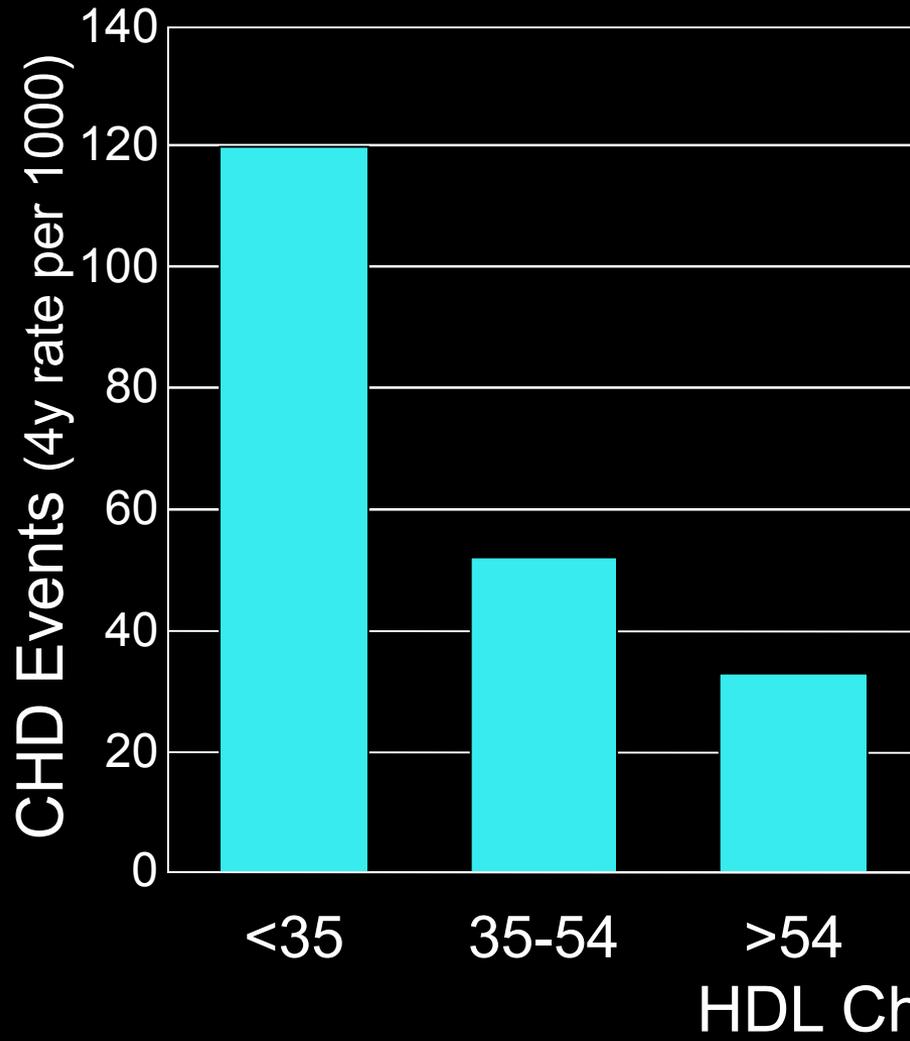
1st quartile: <40 mg/dl  
2nd quartile: 40-48 mg/dl  
3rd quartile: 48-60 mg/dl  
4th quartile:  $\geq 60$  mg/dl



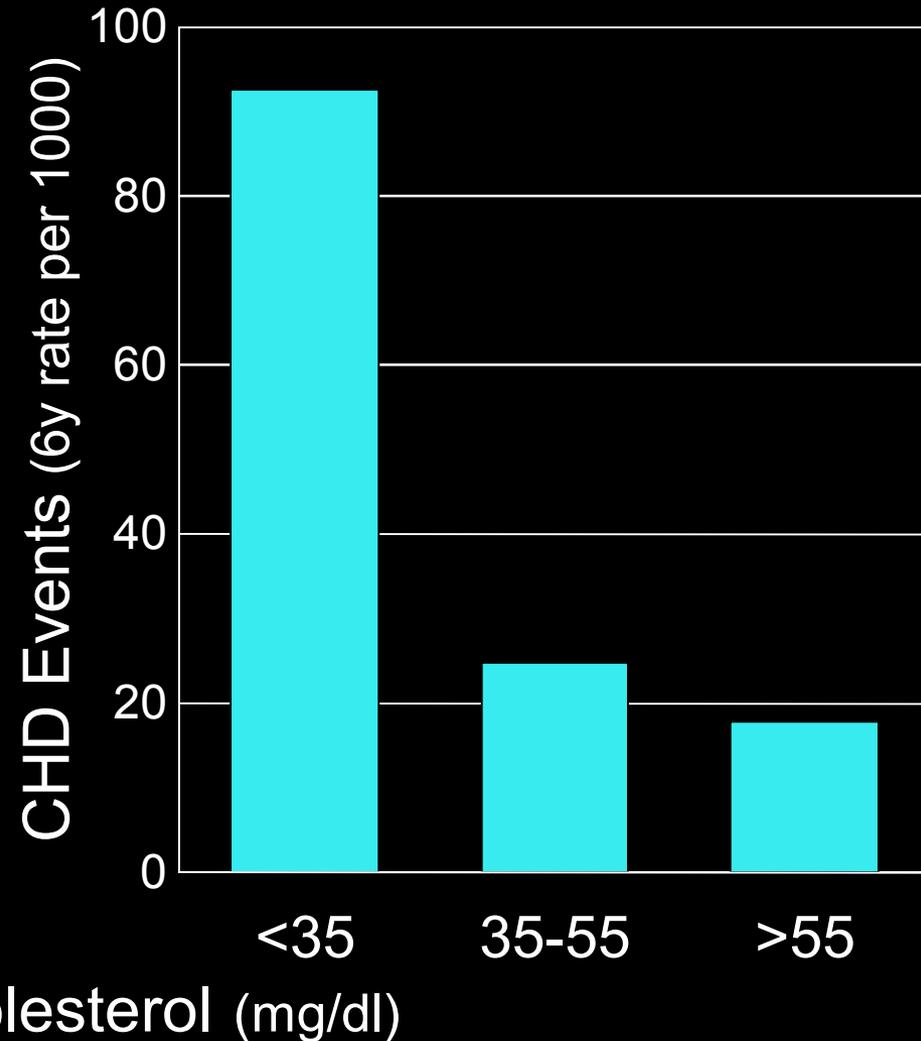
The events considered were for panel (a) doubling of creatinine levels and/or entry on dialysis; and for panel (b) GFR reduction by at least 50% and/or entry on dialysis.

# HDL and Coronary Heart Disease

Framingham



PROCAM

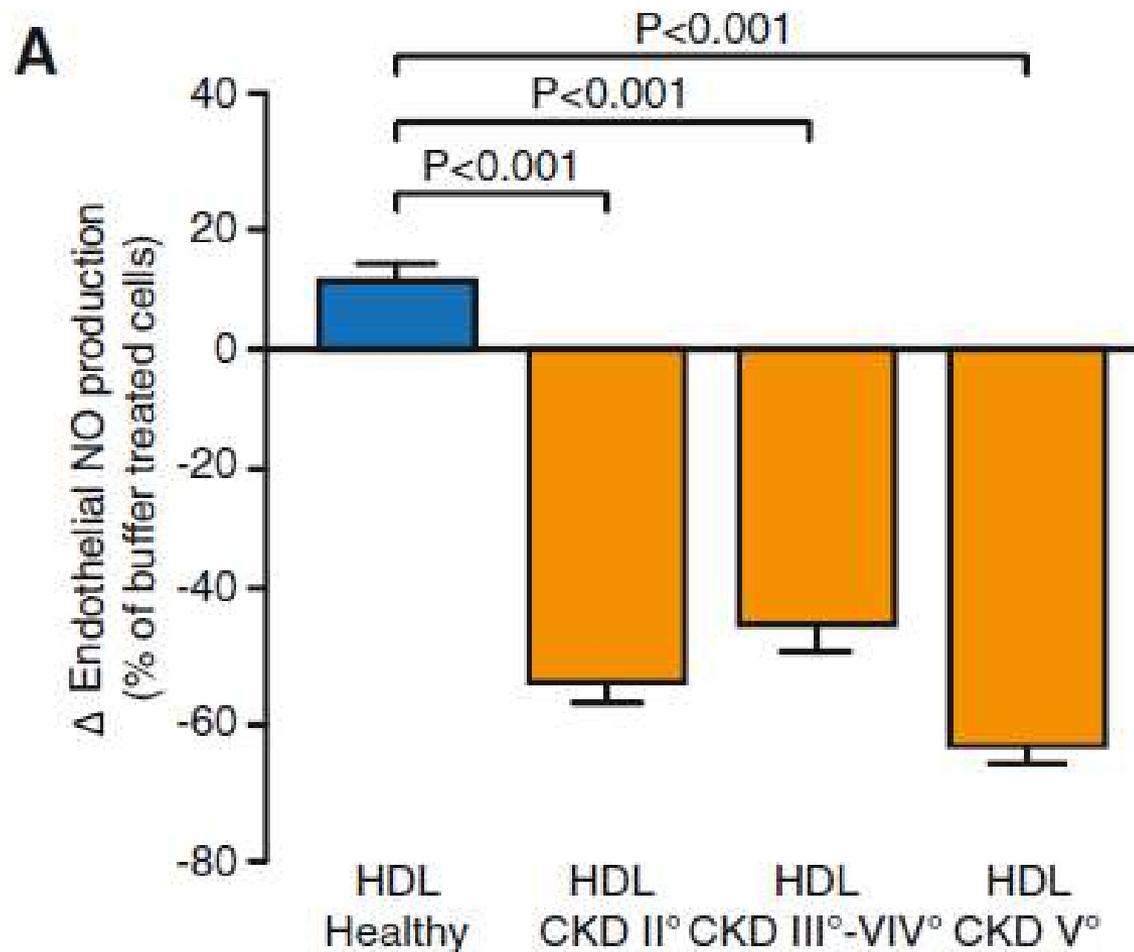


# HDL Biologic Activities

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- **Reverse Cholesterol Transport**
  - Arterial cholesterol efflux
  - Hepatic cholesterol uptake
- **Endothelial Protection**
  - Cell adhesion
  - Cytokines
  - Vascular tone
- **Antioxidant**

# HDL dysfunction in CKD



# Plasma lipids in CKD

	CKD-HD	CKD	Controls	<i>P</i>
n	198	50	40	
Sex, M/F	124/74	33/17	24/16	0.906
Age, y	67.0±13.3	68.5±13.7	60.6±6.1	0.006
BMI, Kg/m <sup>2</sup>	22.8±4.2	23.9±3.4	24.7±2.8	0.006
Smoking status, %				0.100
Never	59	65	50	
Former	19	31	38	
Current	22	4	12	
Hypertension, %	71	92	23	<0.0001
Diabetes, %	15	14	0	0.005

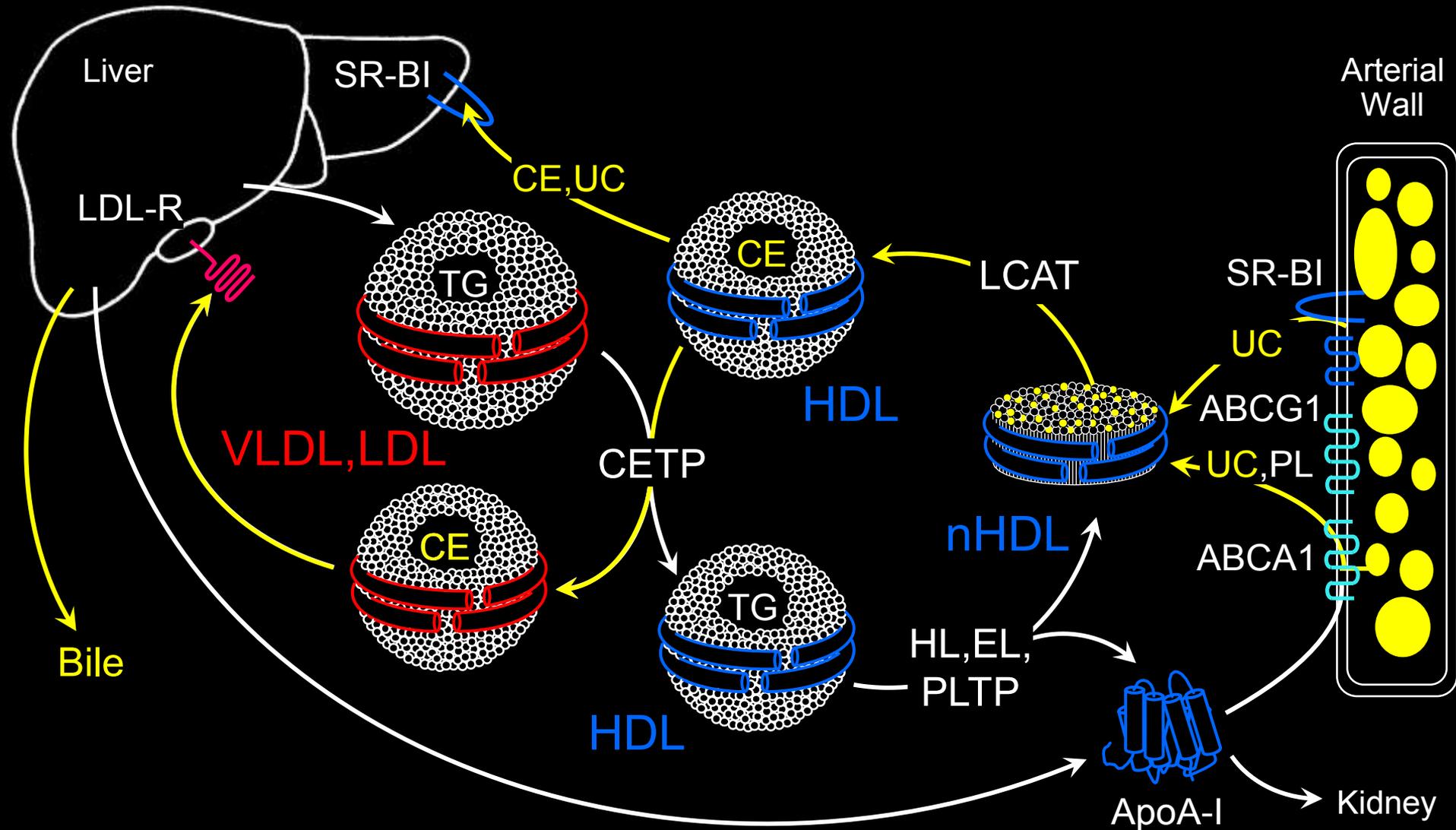
# Plasma lipids in CKD

	CKD-HD	CKD	Controls	<i>P</i> *
Total cholesterol, mg/dL	156.8±43.9	180.5±39.6	211.5±38.3	<0.0001
LDL cholesterol, mg/dL	85.5±37.4	99.7±34.0	131.5±33.2	<0.0001
HDL cholesterol, mg/dL	41.3±13.2	50.2±12.3	59.2±11.8	<0.0001
ApoA-I, mg/dL	92.3±20.5	119.2±18.0	134.7±17.5	<0.0001
ApoA-II, mg/dL	20.3±5.4	22.8±4.2	26.4±3.7	<0.0001
ApoB, mg/dL	79.6±28.9	100.7±27.4	119.4±32.7	<0.0001
Triglycerides, mg/dL	150.7±83.1	153.4±71.0	103.5±44.4	0.001

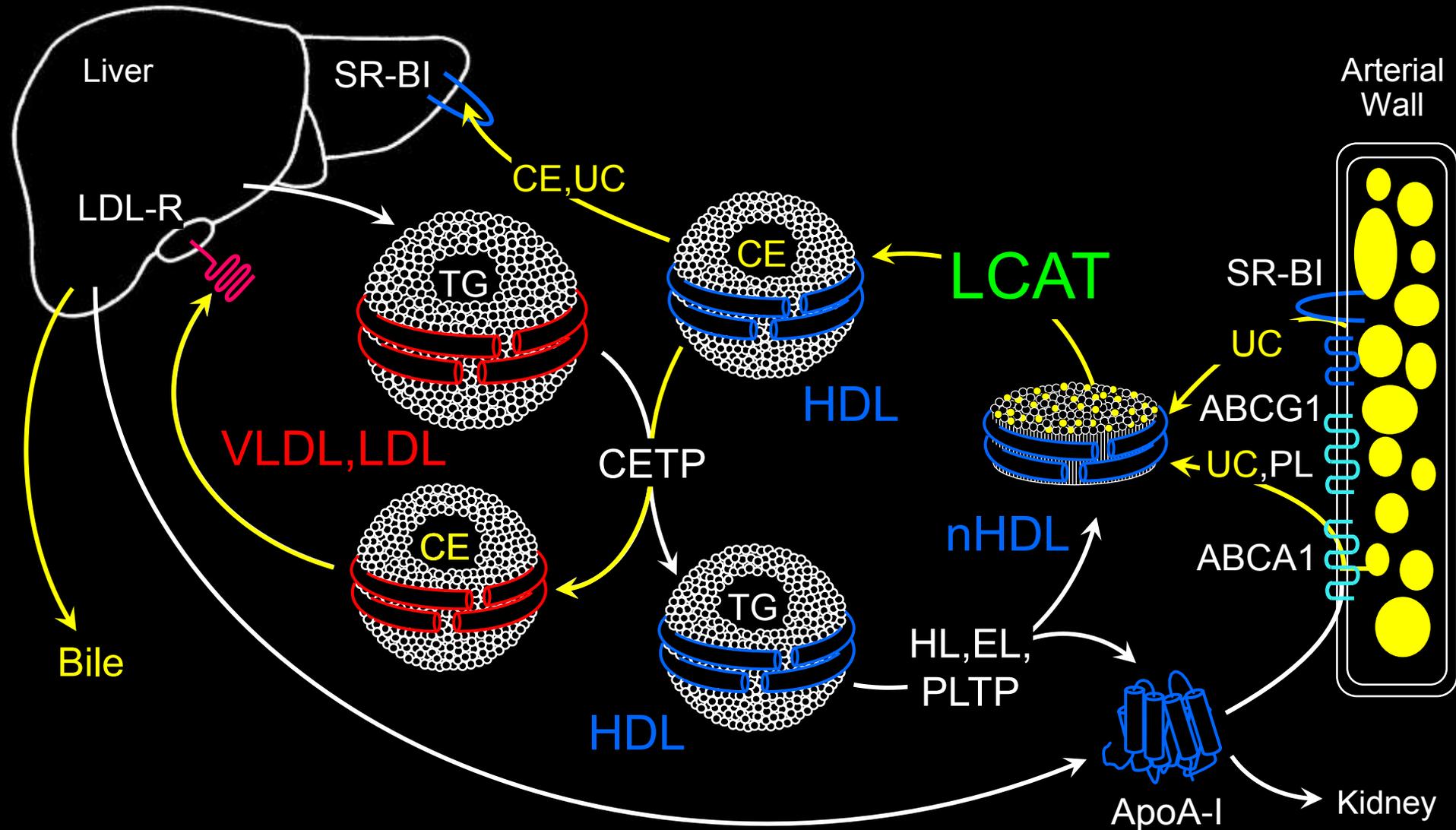
Data are Means±SD.

\**P* values, assessed by one way ANOVA or Chi-square test, adjusted for sex, age, BMI, smoking status, hypertension, diabetes, and assumption of lipid-modifying agents.

# HDL Metabolism and Antiatherogenic Cholesterol Transport



# HDL Metabolism and Antiatherogenic Cholesterol Transport



# Lecithin:Cholesterol Acyltransferase

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- 63-65 kD monomeric glycoprotein
- gene mapped to chromosome 16q22
- consists of 6 exons encoding a protein of 440 residues
- mature plasma protein: 416 aa
- 6 cysteines, Cys<sup>31</sup> and Cys<sup>184</sup> are free
- 4 N-glycosylation and 2 O-glycosylation sites
- synthesized in the liver (and brain, testes)
- circulates in plasma reversibly bound to HDL (and LDL)
- average plasma levels: ~5 µg/ml
- esterifies cholesterol in biological fluids

# Familial LCAT Deficiency

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## Biochemical Phenotype

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Low HDL-C

High Triglycerides

Normal LDL-C

# Genetic LCAT Deficiency in Italy

## Plasma Lipids/lipoproteins

Number of mutant <i>LCAT</i> alleles	Two (n=18)	One (n=63)	Zero (n=39)	Trend <i>P</i> *
TC (mg/dl)	160.7 ±20.8	162.4 ±7.2	196.7 ±9.2	0.344
UC (mg/dl)	125.1 ±17.5	49.3 ±2.2	50.4 ±4.1	<0.001
LDL-C (mg/dl)	102.9 ±16.5	97.2 ±6.6	114.6 ±8.5	0.578
HDL-C (mg/dl)	10.4 ±1.6	40.0 ±2.0	51.4 ±2.9	<0.001
TG (mg/dl)	242.4 ±37.5	125.1 ±8.6	118.8 ±30.3	<0.001
ApoA-I (mg/dl)	47.4 ±4.7	105.3 ±3.4	131.4 ±5.0	<0.001
ApoA-II (mg/dl)	10.4 ±1.4	28.9 ±0.8	34.3 ±1.6	<0.001
ApoB (mg/dl)	60.7 ±11.7	90.0 ±4.2	93.9 ±6.1	0.004

# Familial LCAT Deficiency

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## Biochemical Phenotype

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Low HDL-C

High Triglycerides

Normal LDL-C

## Clinical Phenotype

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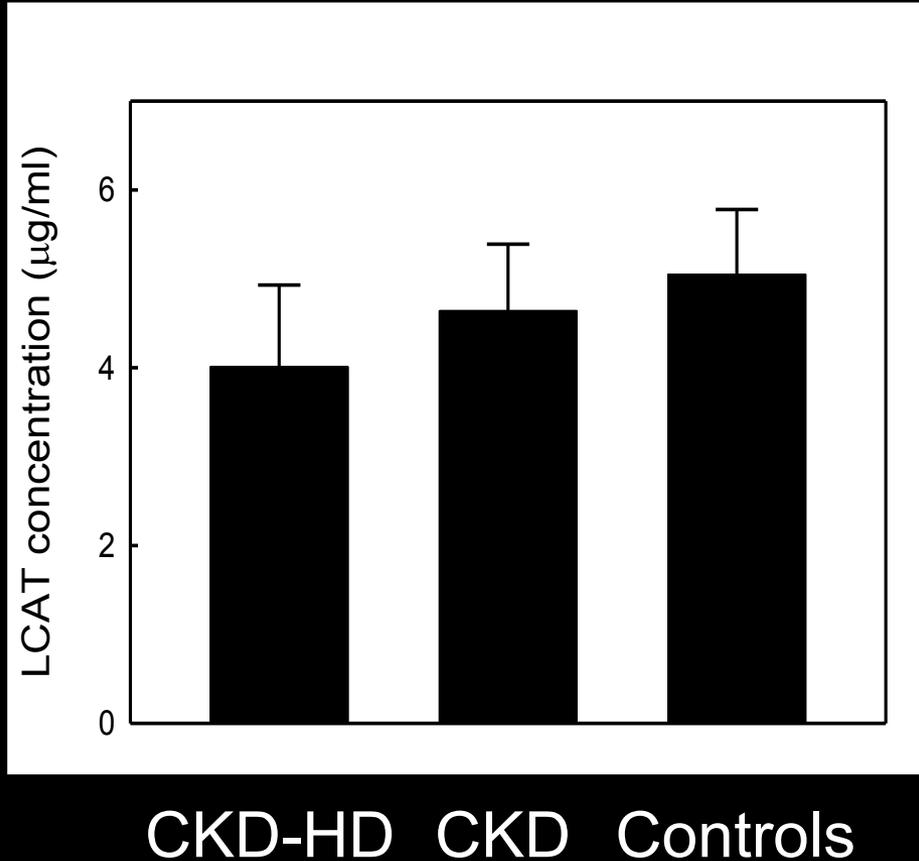
Corneal opacity

Anemia

Renal disease

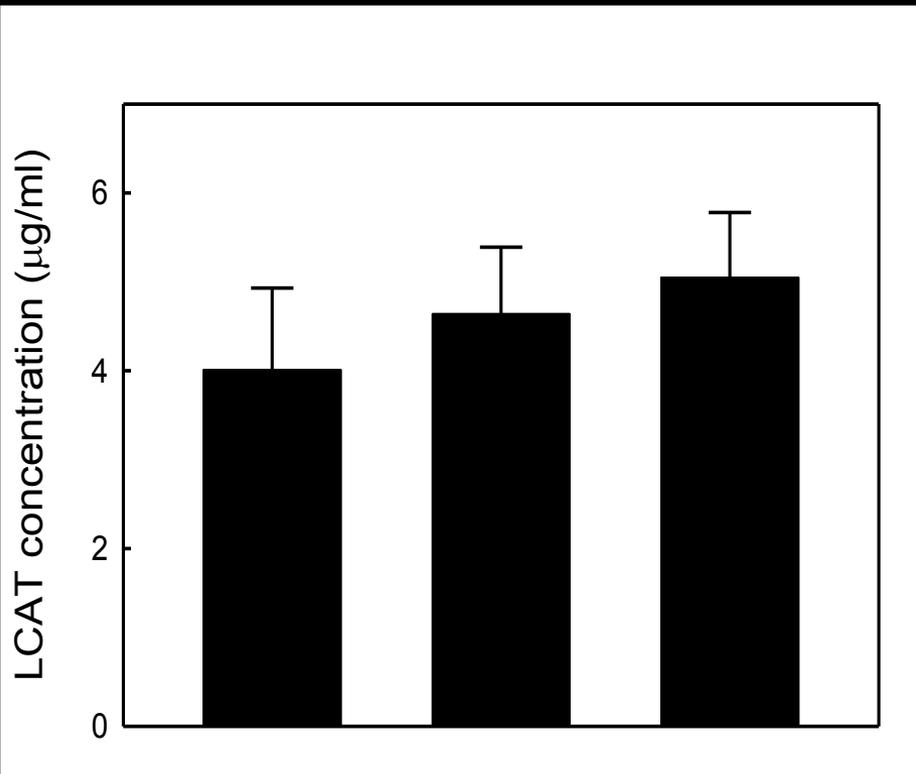
# LCAT concentration and activity in CKD

P<0.0001



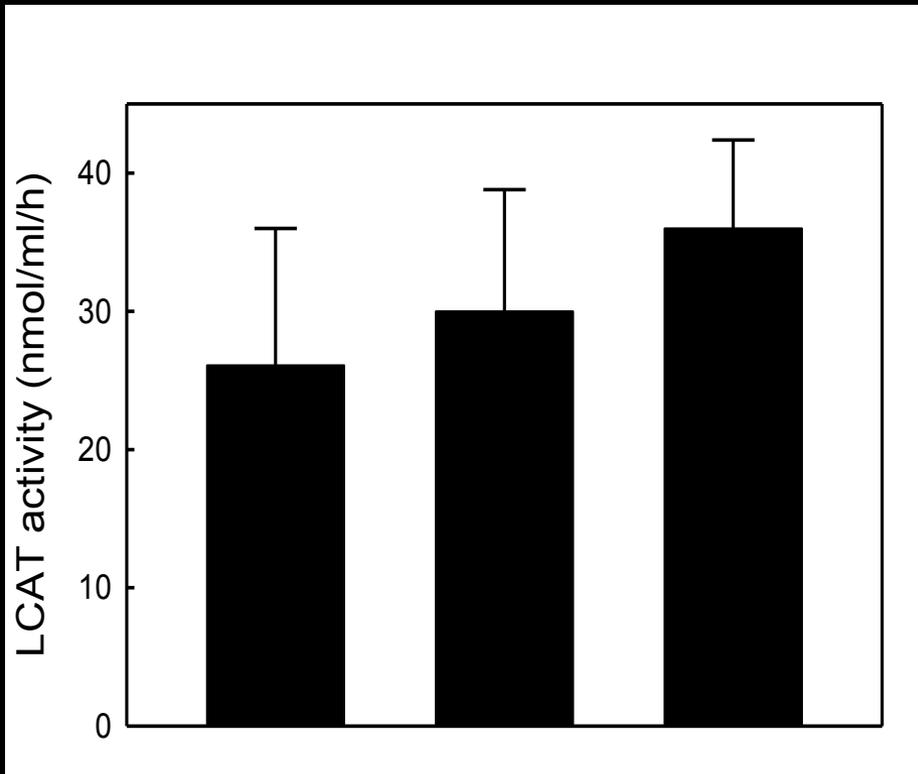
# LCAT concentration and activity in CKD

P<0.0001



CKD-HD CKD Controls

P<0.0001



CKD-HD CKD Controls

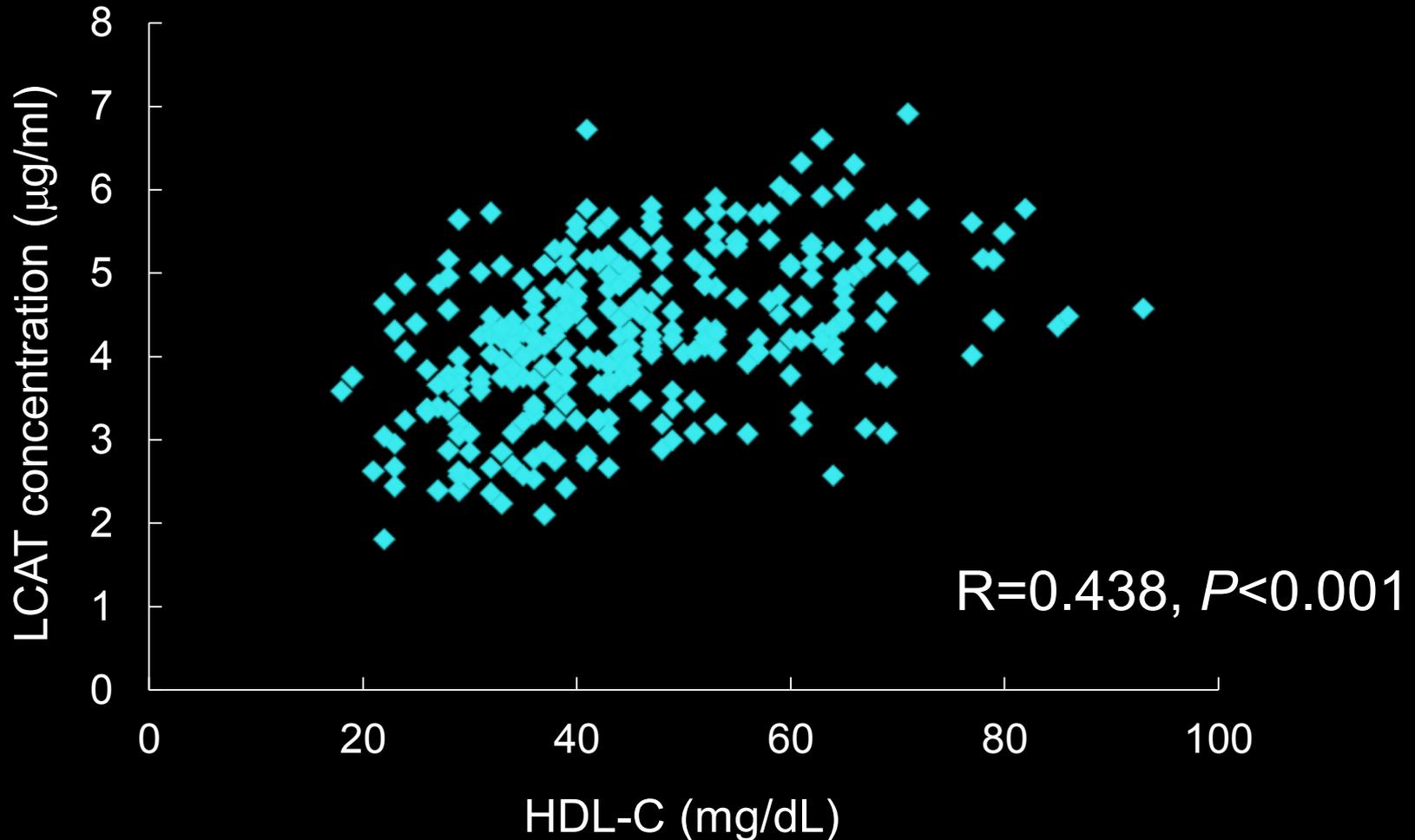
# Cholesterol esterification in CKD

	CKD-HD	CKD	Controls	<i>P</i> *
Unesterified/total cholesterol	0.34±0.05	0.29±0.04	0.27±0.02	<0.0001
CER, nmol/ml/h	30.2±11.2	28.9±10.7	38.5±8.5	0.0001
LCAT activity, nmol/ml/h	26.1±9.9	30.0±8.8	36.0±6.4	<0.0001
LCAT concentration, µg/mL	4.01±0.92	4.64±0.75	5.05±0.73	<0.0001

Data are Means±SD.

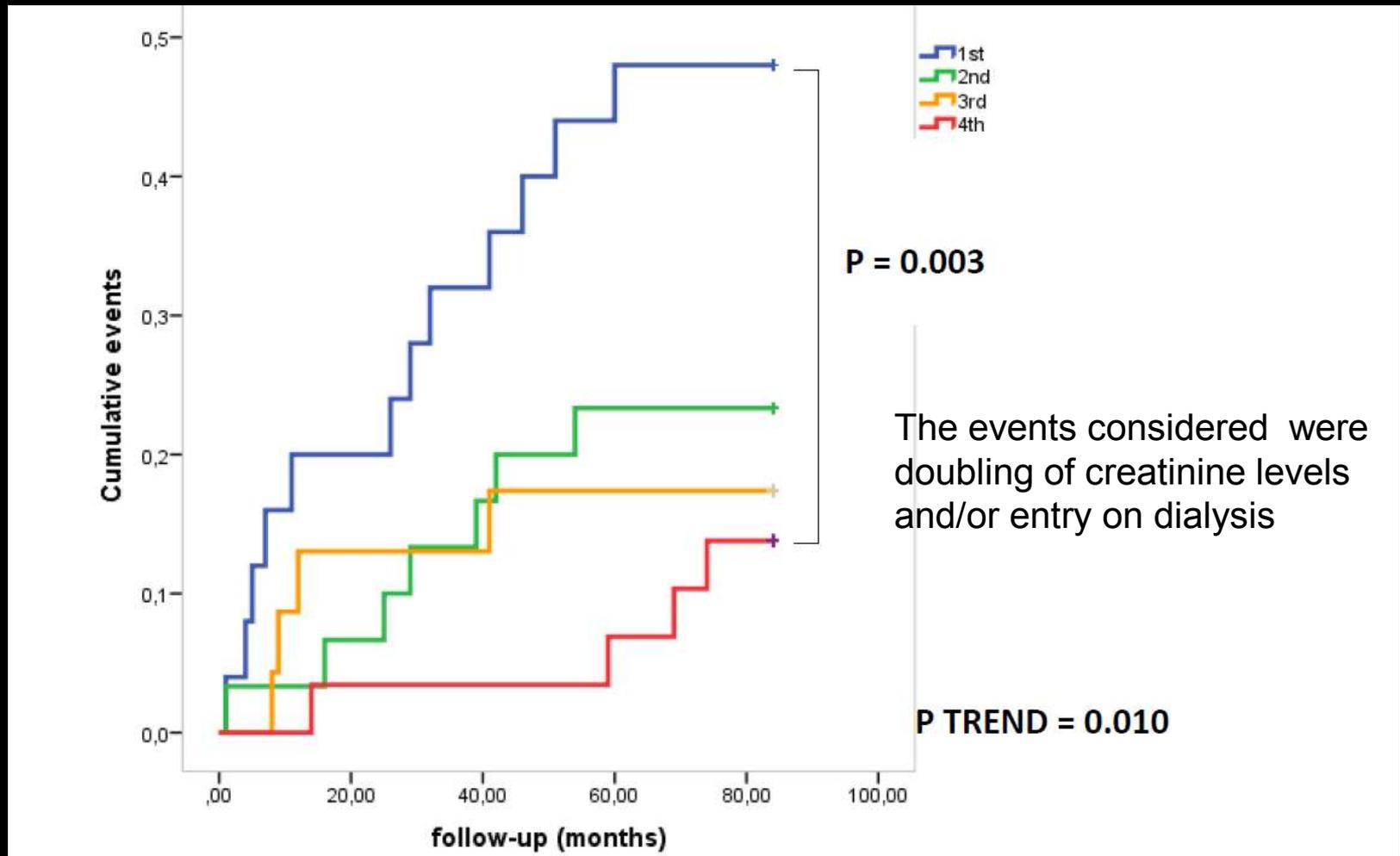
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# Cholesterol esterification in CKD



# LCAT quartiles and CKD progression

## NephroPLIC Study



# LCAT-targeted therapies

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graph TD; A[LCAT-targeted therapies] --> B[Small Molecules]; A --> C[rhLCAT]
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Small Molecules

rhLCAT

target

LCAT

HDL

mode of action LCAT modulation

↑ cholesterol esterification

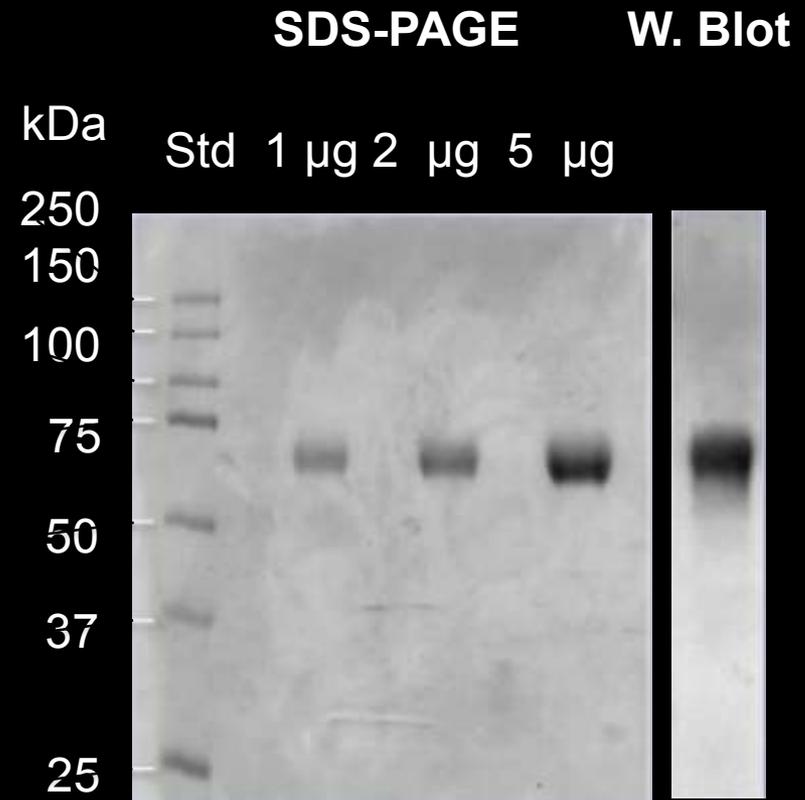
administration

oral

parental

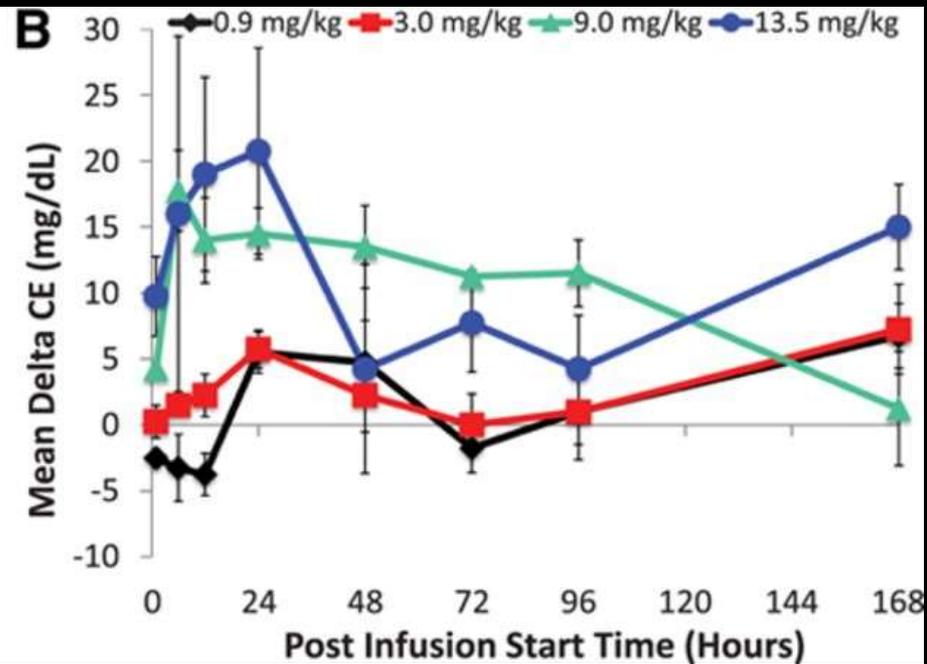
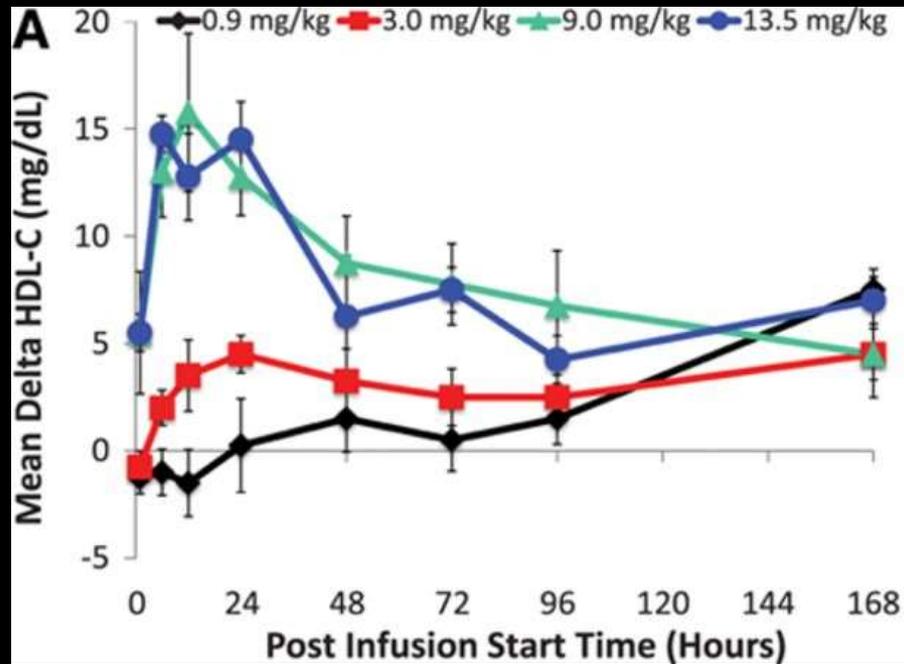
# Production of Human Recombinant LCAT

- v HEK transfected cells
- v 4-step purification following ZnCl ppt.
- v > 99.5% purity
- v Yield 15 mg/L from conditioned media



MEDI6012 - Phase 2

# rhLCAT in Low-HDL subjects



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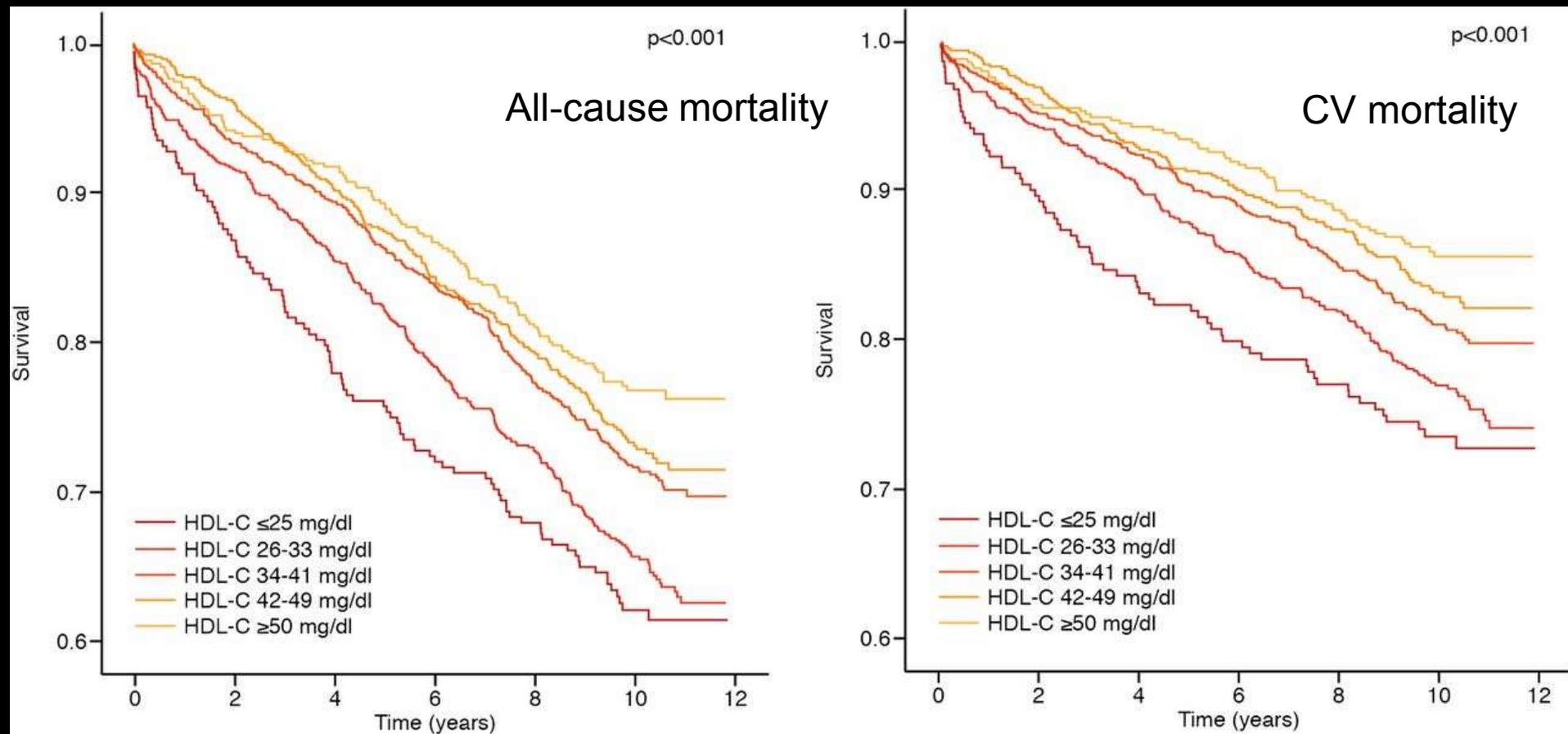
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Maddalena Gigante

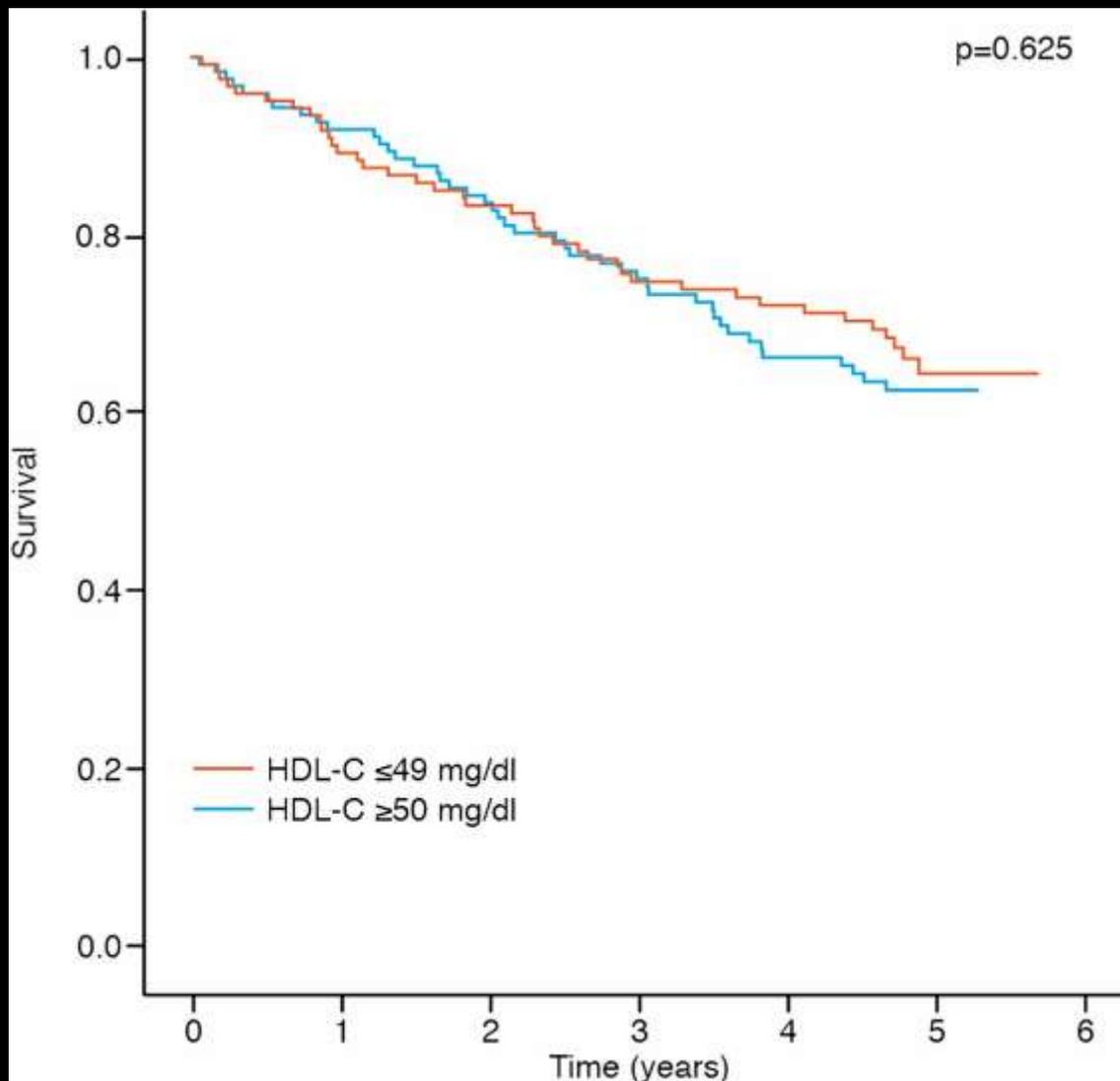




# All-cause and cardiovascular mortality according to categories of HDL-C in the LURIC study



# All-cause mortality in CKD patients in the validation cohort stratified into two groups by the median of HDL-C.





# CKD and cardiovascular risk

